MOLDOVA INTERNET GOVERNANCE FORUM REPORT 2023



April 27 – 28, 2023

Chisinau, FinTech HUB

Hybrid event

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

The first Moldova Internet Governance Forum (MIGF) took place in November 2020 in Chisinau. The annual National IGF has become a continuation of a global series of forums aimed at discussion of the most important issues of information society development, consolidation of the efforts of state authorities, business, Internet society, professional and academic elites aimed at accelerating the implementation of IT capabilities, creating conditions for comprehensive development of Internet technologies for the public benefit. MIGF gathers together participants from different countries who represent international organizations, state authorities, non-governmental and commercial organizations in the field of ICT and the mass media. Over the past few years, MIGF has become an important component of the national discussion on the future of the Internet in Moldova.

In 2023, the third Internet Governance Forum in Moldova, like the previous forums, was held in a hybrid format. Digital resilience has been identified as the headline theme of the national IGF. MIGF 2023 took place at a time when countries in the region, including Moldova, are facing a number of unprecedented challenges in the digital space that require both flexible strategic partnerships, coordinated responses at different levels, and long-term adaptation. The nature of the event presented new challenges and allowed to reach a wider audience — with many participants and experts joining for the third IGF in Moldova.

The Moldova Internet Governance Forum 2023 took place in Chisinau in the conference hall of the FinTech Hub. From 27 – 28 April, more than 200 registered delegates from government institutions, civil society, private sector, industry, technical community, and academia met to discuss the most important issues for national Internet space. Some of them participated in the Forum from the conference hall, and some joined the online discussion. A number of well-known speakers and experts from Moldova, Canada, USA, Austria, Italy, Romania, Ukraine, Armenia, Georgia, Kyrgyzstan, Kazakhstan, and other countries took part in MIGF events.

The Moldova Internet Governance Forum 2023 was organized in accordance with the five core IGF principles, which are:

- Open and transparent
- Inclusive
- Bottom-up
- Multi-stakeholder
- Non-commercial

The Moldova IGF 2023 was organized by multi-stakeholder Organizing Committee representing national public and private sectors, civil society and technical community. The MIGF 2023 Program Committee included representatives from four stakeholder groups, as well as representatives from ICANN and RIPE NCC. The role of a neutral secretariat of the Internet Governance Forum in Moldova is entrusted to the Association "Comunitatea Internet" - a non-governmental organization that supports and promotes the development of the open, secure, trustworthy, and unified global Internet. In this regard, it produces the reports and implements the decisions and report to the Organizing Committee that reviews and validates the implementation.

The Organizing Committee invited everyone who is interested in discussing current Internet governance issues to participate in the national initiative. Agenda was developed using a bottom up and multi-stakeholder approach. The Forum was supported by a number of government institutions, several international and regional organizations as well as local supporters and volunteers.





The Forum has become a space for discussions on Internet governance emerging issues, challenges and define the way forward. The Forum's formula has enabled a multilateral and open debate on the main challenges and opportunities presented by the development and popularization of the Internet. During the meeting, with the participation of the audience, the invited contributors were looking for new proposals and solutions, enabling a wise and responsible policy regarding the use and development of the Internet, responding to the emerging needs, including in the context of emergency situations and challenges to national and regional security.





















WHAT IS THE INTERNET GOVERNANCE FORUM?

The Internet Governance Forum (IGF) is a global initiative under the auspices of the UN with the idea of bringing together all interested parties to participate equally in discussions and issues relevant to Internet governance. The initiative was created in 2006 at the "World Summit on the Information Society" (WSIS) in Tunisia, decided by the UN Secretary-General, as an open platform for discussion on Internet governance issues. The immediate motivation for this decision was the need to dissolve the governance and regulation of the Internet to the involvement of the wider community. It is important that other stakeholders such as civil society, academia, industry and the private sector take active part in these debates along the state representatives.

The IGF does not have a decision-making mandate, nor does it adopt binding acts, but their results may affect the procedure, which have binding effects. The IGF, by drawing its conclusions and drawing attention to topics that are relevant, can influence decision makers and thus participate in forming an official national position or public policy in the field of Internet governance.

The IGF is fully open to the participation of anyone interested in the issues of Internet stability, its security, usage and development. IGF is an annual event. Topics that will be discussed on the IGF can be suggested by anyone interested.

In addition to the <u>Global IGF</u> initiative, there are regional and sub-regional (e.g. <u>EuroDIG</u> – Pan-European Dialogue on Internet Governance, <u>SEEDIG</u> – South East European Dialogue on Internet Governance), national (e.g. Moldova IGF), age (Youth IGF).





IGF initiatives, especially national and regional ones, are important because they promote communication among all stakeholders, foster the development of a culture of dialogue among different stakeholders on Internet-related issues, which helps in anticipating different perspective and interests.

Important principles on which the IGF is based are:

- Openness and transparency (allowing all interested parties to participate in the IGF, public insight
 into all parts of the IGF's work);
- Inclusivity (enable active involvement of all concerned);
- Bottom-up approach (involving the public in the creation of the IGF program);
- Non-commercial IGF is not intended for sale of goods and services;
- Multi-stakeholder model (model of involvement of all stakeholders: academia, business sector and industry, civil society organizations and state and public administration).

MOLDOVA IGF: KEY PRINCIPLES AND MAJOR POINTS

The idea of establishing a national platform for open dialogue on Internet Governance in Moldova emerged from inspiring and successful initiatives worldwide, such as the South Eastern European Dialogue on Internet Governance (SEEDIG), the Pan-European Dialogue on Internet Governance (EuroDIG), and a plethora of national initiatives that had sprung up all over the globe under the umbrella of the United Nations Internet Governance Forum.

Moldova Internet Governance Forum (MIGF) is a national IGF initiative for the Republic of Moldova dedicated to creating an open space for all stakeholders in order to develop an inclusive, diverse and informal dialogue on issues and problems concerning Internet governance. MIGF brings together representatives of various stakeholders to discuss global issues and topics from a national perspective, and finally to identify common priorities and make the first steps for a mutual cooperation.

Key Principles

Moldova Internet Governance Forum brings together individuals interested in national Internet Governance issues. Any interested person may join and participate in the Forum. Participation in the Internet Governance Forum is voluntary. It is organized in accordance with the main IGF principles: open and transparent, inclusive, bottom up, multi-stakeholder and non-commercial.

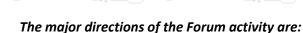
The main goals of MIGF are:

- to point out to various stakeholders the opportunities for involvement in Internet governance processes relevant to their business and activities, and to encourage dialogue and, if necessary, help in capacity building for better understanding Internet-related topics;
- to empower and interest all stakeholders in Moldova to actively participate in national, and then directly or indirectly, regional and international Internet governance processes;
- to identify Internet governance topics important to Moldova.

The main objectives of the Forum are:

- to provide an open and transparent platform for all stakeholder groups;
- to bring up and discuss the Internet governance related issues;
- to give the floor to the wide community;
- to deliver the messages to the policy makers.





- Protection of fundamental human rights and freedoms on Internet, support of democratic process and the rule of law;
- Support of implementation of the Internet governance with the participation of all stakeholders;
- Support of harmonization of international regulations and local legislation;
- Support of enhancing of Internet users' rights and capabilities;
- Promotion of the universalization of the Internet;
- Support of Internet security and reliability, sustainability and credibility;
- Support of formation of the decentralized approaches of the Internet governance based on social responsibility;
- Support of introduction of innovation, new technologies and services in the Internet sector;
- Introduction of the principles of open access and freedom of user's choice;
- Facilitation of the cultural and linguistic diversity in the Internet as well as support of development of local content increase.

The work of the MIGF is based on the recommendations and best practices of the United Nations Internet Governance Forum represented by the IGF Secretariat, the Council of Europe, the Internet Society (ISOC), the Internet Corporation for Assigned Names and Numbers (ICANN) and implies the multilateral engagement model of development of the Forum agenda, organization of the Forum with minimal costs and maximum transparency, and maximum involvement of the parties. The national Internet Governance Forum of Moldova is based on the cooperation of all stakeholders, bringing together 5 interested groups: government, private sector, civil society, the experts of scientific and educational and technology fields and the representatives of international organizations. All the participants are taking part in the Forum as equal partners.

MIGF 2023 PREPARATORY ACTIVITIES

The preparatory process for the third National IGF began in spring 2022 with stakeholder meetings. The organizing team has established a plan of activities to be performed before the planned event. Since then, the preparatory works of the Forum, meetings in the groups, forming of the agenda, and relationships with donors and supporters have started. As part of the preparatory activities, an updated version of the MIGF website was launched, which was brought into line with the current agenda.

Among the first steps, the activities on forming the new Organizing Committee have been initiated with the goal to connect the key stakeholders. The MIGF Organizing Committee included representatives from four stakeholder groups: government, technical community, private sector and civil society. The MIGF Program Committee included representatives from four stakeholder groups, as well as representatives from ICANN and RIPE NCC.

The role of a neutral secretariat of the Internet Governance Forum in Moldova is entrusted to the Association "Comunitatea Internet" - a non-governmental organization that supports and promotes the development of the open, secure, trustworthy, and unified global Internet. The Association is also in charge of the secretariat of the Organizing Committee. In this regard, it produces the reports and implements the decisions and report to the Committee that reviews and validates the implementation.

Members of the Organizing Committee, in particular, are responsible for:

- Select the central theme and sub-themes of the Forum;
- Draft the Forum TORs and the concept notes for sessions and themes;
- Seek and empower sessions and theme moderators;





Seek additional funds to hold the Forum.

It was confirmed that Moldova IGF should function as a process that would include an annual meeting and related preliminary activities. Additional events such as workshops, webinars and round tables were also envisaged in-between annual meetings. It was affirmed that the National Internet Governance Forum remains an open, inclusive and transparent bottom-up process in accordance with IGF principles, norms, rules and decision-making procedures.

Taking into account the current challenges of the national and regional agenda, in consultation with partner organizations and government agencies, the Organizing Committee decided to postpone the Forum from the fall of 2022 to the spring of 2023. Later, the dates of the Internet Governance Forum in Moldova were determined: April 27 and 28.

The topics for the event were selected from the proposals received in a bottom-up process following a public call for inputs. In accordance with the agreed session formats, up to six contributors were envisaged for each session. Moderators were encouraged to combine interventions from speakers with interactive discussions among all session participants.

On the eve of the event, over one hundred invitations were sent to representatives of all stakeholder groups. Moldova IGF 2023 was also announced on its website, on the UN IGF website, on social media channels, specialized blogs and through the electronic and printed media.

In planning the event, the Organizing Team sought to involve all stakeholder groups in the preparatory and organizational processes (government, academia, technical, private and civil society). Prominent members of the local telecommunications and Internet sector have been invited to join the initiative accordingly.

As a target group, the Forum aimed to attract the local and regional Internet community, including market players, technical community and academia, supporting organizations, government officials, academics and young talents. A separate emphasis was placed on targeted activities aimed at involving underrepresented groups.

The Organizing Committee regularly held coordination meetings from April 2022 to April 2023, especially in the preparatory phase, to discuss the strategy and make decisions with regards to calls for contributions, the list of speakers, the topics of agenda and partnerships. However, most communication took place in written form, via email, as quick feedback and reactions were needed to ensure deadlines were being followed.

With regards to the Organizing Team, most of the preparatory meetings took place via Microsoft Teams or Zoom, as they had to happen more often. Regular meetings were needed in order to ensure that the calendar was being followed, that all stakeholder groups were consulted, and that all communication with speakers, participants and partners was being carried out in a timely, transparent and efficient manner.

All in-person and online meetings have been documented through note taking and sharing of the meeting notes on the Organizing Team meetings.





AGENDA

THE THIRD MOLDOVA INTERNET GOVERNANCE FORUM

DAY 1 - Opening & Welcome session

Introduction and what to expect at the third national IGF in Moldova



Partners from Moldova and abroad, MIGF Organizing Committee:

- Ministry of Economic Development and Digitalization of the Republic of Moldova
- Parliament of the Republic of Moldova
- Olga Tumuruc, Director of the Electronic Government Agency
- Paul Mitchell, Chair, United Nations Internet Governance Forum, Multistakeholder Advisory Group (MAG)
- Massimiliano Stucchi, Regional Technical Advisor for the European Bureau at Internet Society
- Mikhail Anisimov, Head of Global Stakeholder Engagement for Eastern Europe and Central Asia, Internet Corporation for Assigned Names and Numbers (ICANN)
- Alex Semenyaka, External Relations Officer for the RIPE NCC (Eastern Europe and Central Asia)
- Rafal Rohozinski, Principal and CEO of SecDev Group, Co-founder of SecDev Foundation
- Alexei Marciuc, Chairman of the Association "Comunitatea Internet", National coordinator for the Moldova Internet Governance Forum (MIGF)

Representatives of national and international partners of the Internet Governance Forum in Moldova spoke at the opening of the event. Some of them joined online, others came to Chisinau to participate in the discussion of the current IG agenda for Moldova. In their welcoming remarks, the speakers welcomed the participants of the national forum, noted the rich and varied agenda of the event and wished productive work and interesting and useful discussions over the course of two days.

At the same time, the importance of the national IGF initiative was emphasized as a platform for dialogue, playing a unique role in the digital collaboration architecture. Representatives of key state institutions noted that Moldova Internet Governance Forum is a great opportunity to discuss the most important and topical issues related to the use and development of the digital environment, in the context of cooperation between different categories of stakeholders and with the participation of regional and international actors.

Alexei Marciuc, Coordinator of the Internet Governance Forum in Moldova, Chairman of the Association "Comunitatea Internet", noted that this year digital resilience is designated as the headline theme of MIGF. According to him, the main goal of Moldova IGF 2023 is to strengthen open multi-stakeholder discussion on digital resilience, continuity and readiness in times of crisis and the implications of major disruption for the entire digital ecosystem in Moldova. The event will provide an opportunity for senior-decision makers, practitioners and experts to assess the rapidly evolving situation across the country and region from the standpoint of Internet governance and determine key solutions and responses.

"Several years ago, the Republic of Moldova became the 88th country in the world where the IGF initiative was launched. Today, a total of more than 100 IGF national initiatives are active in all regions of the world under





the umbrella of the United Nations Internet Governance Forum. The third national IGF is taking place at a time when the countries of the region, including Moldova, are facing a number of unprecedented challenges in the digital space. They require both flexible strategic partnerships, coordinated responses at different levels, and long-term adaptation," said Alexei Marciuc.

Mikhail Anisimov, Head of Global Stakeholder Engagement for Eastern Europe and Central Asia, Internet Corporation for Assigned Names and Numbers (ICANN), pointed out that Internet governance is a process of constant dialogue between different groups of stakeholders, which cannot be fit into the framework of one organization or one community. "The Internet Governance Forum is a special platform that takes a multistakeholder approach and brings together all those who care about Internet development issues. ICANN is also guided by this approach and has supported a national IGF in Moldova since the very first event in 2020. In my experience of participating in such events, each IGF is a kind of litmus test, and the forum program is a reflection of the issues, trends and expectations of the Internet that are concentrated in a particular country and community. I am glad to welcome everyone who is in the conference hall and joined us online and I am sure that interesting and fruitful discussions are waiting for us," said ICANN representative.

SecDev CEO Rafal Rohozinski expertly addressed the most pressing challenges in the digital world and the vital issues shaping the future of Internet governance and cybersecurity in his opening speech at the Moldova IGF. Key topics covered included digital transformation, the implications of the Russia-Ukraine war, and the disruptive potential of artificial intelligence.

Olga Tumuruc, Director of the e-Governance Agency (EGA), noted at the opening of the Forum that the opportunities provided by the Internet bring citizens and authorities closer through online services, as well as ensure transparency and efficiency of public institutions. At the same time, she highlighted some of the problems arising in this process, in particular, those related to information security and personal data protection.

According to Olga Tumuruc, success in this area can be ensured by "sustainable and stable partnerships with other authorities that promote the same ideas and have the same goals, with the private sector that sees the benefit in the digitization process, and with academia that provides training and sets the way of thinking."

Ion Coşuleanu, Information Society Development Institute, said that during the two days of MIGF, which this year takes place on the FinTech Hub platform, will be the environment where the most important issues of Internet development and interaction of all its users are discussed: from government agencies and businesses to authoritative international experts and representatives of public organizations. According to him, such discussions become the basis for fruitful cooperation at different levels, which only occurs when key stakeholders share and follow the same key principles.





























Resilience of Digital Government: Roadmaps for Change and Adaptation



Moderator: Ion Cosuleanu, Information Society Development Institute

Contributors:

- Olga Tumuruc, Director of the Electronic Government Agency
- **Silvia Bojoga**, Deputy Director and member of the Administrative Board at the National Regulatory Agency for Electronic Communications and Information Technology (ANRCETI)
- **Veaceslav Cunev**, Chairman of the board of the Moldovan Association of Information and Communications Technology Companies
- Sergei Slesarev, Deputy Minister for Digital Development, the Kyrgyz Republic
- **Veronica Creţu**, Co-founder of the Innovating Governance Association in Vienna, Austria, Member of Committee on Artificial Intelligence and Access Info Group at the Council of Europe
- Alex Semenyaka, External Relations Officer for the RIPE NCC (Eastern Europe and Central Asia)

As key international and national experts attending this high-level session noted, across the region, amidst the recovery and adaptation in the context of the COVID-19 pandemic, there are evolving stories of expanded access, robust connectivity, and renewed Internet infrastructure. The very goals of sustainable development continue to be re-evaluated through the priority lens of the digital economy, innovation, and digital transformation.

According to the participants of the discussion, regional and national regulatory initiatives for cyberspace, from rules governing data security to content moderation, are shaping a new compliance rubric in Moldova. Such developments have all benefited from forward-looking policy-making and inclusive, open Internet governance. Many of these measures would not have been possible without the fundamental prerequisites of equity, privacy, freedom of expression, digital security, and digital rights.

In light of volatility and uncertainty in the region, according to the speakers, digital readiness and resilience are critical themes. Global economic downturns negatively affect the pace of technology-led development, limiting investments in the digital future with the most repercussions on the vulnerable and marginalized communities. The war in neighboring Ukraine has underlined the risks of regional spillover effects, from splintered Internet to disruptions of connectivity and elevated cyber threats. Other more local crises have underlined the need to safeguard the Internet's availability not just from the economic impact perspective but also to maintain an inclusive space for rapid societal dialogue, open communication, and community mobilization.

Experts point out that Moldova, like some other countries in the region, faces a host of unprecedented challenges. No country will be able to adequately anticipate and manage all of them on their own. They demand both shared country-level and regional responses and long-term adaptations. Successful cultivation of digital resilience depends on ensuring participatory, multi-stakeholder discussions, resulting in agile strategic partnerships and coordinated policy, industry, and user responses.





The high-level session also discussed the challenges faced by competent institutions in implementing development strategies in sectors such as electronic communications and information technology. A detailed presentation on this topic was given by Silvia Bojoga, a representative of a key government institution, Deputy Director and member of the Administrative Board at the National Regulatory Agency for Electronic Communications and Information Technology (ANRCETI).

Silvia Bojoga also spoke about practices and challenges in supervising the compliance of providers with the legislation in the field of electronic communications, as well as about activities to protect the rights and legitimate interests of end users by promoting competition in the market, actions to ensure efficient use of limited resources, measures to encourage efficient investments in infrastructure and innovations.

Another topic for discussion was the accelerating development of artificial intelligence systems in recent years, which caused the need for legal regulation of new phenomena and processes related to the implementation of the results of such development in practice. Moreover, the issue of forming the trajectory of further development of artificial intelligence, formulation of principles and enumeration of basic elements capable of minimizing the risks of its development for the future has arisen, which has led to the creation of strategies for the development of artificial intelligence in many countries.

Veronica Cretu, Council of Europe expert and Co-founder of the Innovating Governance Association in Vienna, noted that AI technologies are increasingly being integrated into various aspects of the Internet, including social networks, search engines, e-commerce platforms, etc. "We know that AI algorithms can collect and analyze large amounts of data about users, which can cause privacy concerns. Today, we talk a lot about privacy and data protection. Another important aspect is that AI technologies can be used to automate, for example, content moderation, which can affect freedom of expression. Accordingly, there are a number of challenges and interdependencies that require the AI and Internet governance communities of practice to work together to develop policies and regulations to address the ethical and social implications of AI. The simplest solution would be to jointly develop some guidelines on the use of AI in Internet governance to ensure transparency and accountability in the use of AI systems," emphasized Veronica Cretu.

The speaker drew attention to some aspects that stakeholders in Moldova need to know about public policy or recommendations that exist in the field of the global policy landscape on artificial intelligence. "The UNESCO Recommendation on the Ethics of Artificial Intelligence provides a global policy framework in this area, and the Ethical Impact Assessment provides a new tool for understanding the implications of AI implementation. It is equally important to be aware of the OECD principles and the subsequent global AI-related policy debate. Another an extremely important document is the White House Draft AI Bill of Rights, the most significant U.S. policy initiative to date, and the blueprint highlights President Biden's commitment to resolutely advance civil rights, equal opportunity, and justice in the U.S. It is equally important to know that at the European Union level there is the EU Artificial Intelligence Act. It aims to create a legal framework for artificial intelligence in the EU. Last but not least, the Council of Europe is currently working on a Convention on Artificial Intelligence. This is a legal document that we hope to finalize this fall, will serve as a binding legal document and could become a global milestone in the field of artificial intelligence".

"What does the Republic of Moldova need to promote the artificial intelligence program? First, we need an exercise to jointly develop a national artificial intelligence vision and strategy. More than 50 countries around the world have national AI strategies. We have different estimates, we know what we lack. It is very important to use this understanding and jointly create a vision of this area in the Republic of Moldova," the Council of Europe expert concluded.

The participants of the event had an opportunity to learn about the advanced experience and best practices of other countries in priority and promising areas of IT sphere development to ensure digital resilience at the





national and regional level. As noted by the guest from Kyrgyzstan, a representative of the Ministry of Digital Development, being one of the landlocked countries, the Kyrgyz Republic relies on the development of regional digital infrastructure that opens new opportunities for expanding markets and creating new types of goods and services. It was noted that regional cooperation and development of regional connectivity, including in the digital sphere, is an important element of economic development of the countries of the region.







DAY 1 - Session 2

Internet Governance Under the Pressure of the Crises. National Practices and International Experience



<u>Moderator</u>: Alexei Marciuc, Chairman of the Association "Comunitatea Internet", National coordinator for the Moldova Internet Governance Forum (MIGF)

Contributors:

- **Tattu Mambetalieva**, Chair at Central Asian Internet Governance Forum (CAIGF), Director of Public Foundation "Civil Initiative on Internet Policy", leading partner of the international consortium for the development of digital legislation
- Sarkis Darbinyan, cyberlawyer, digital rights expert, managing partner of DRC Group
- **Gulmira Birzhanova**, Head of Media Qoldau Legal Service, co-founder of Legal Media Centre, member of the Expert Group on Digital Rights, Kazakhstan
- Galina Climov, Executive Director of the Alliance of Organizations for Persons with Disabilities from the Republic of Moldova
- **Sergiu Tutunaru**, Director of the Innovative IT Incubator IT4BA (Information Technologies for Business Application), Academy of Economic Studies of Moldova
- Oxana Rusanovschi, Deputy Head of the Directorate of Information Technology and Digitalization Policies, Ministry of Economic Development and Digitalization of the Republic of Moldova
- Cyber Crimes Investigation Directorate of the National Inspectorate of Investigations of the General Inspectorate of Police, Ministry of Internal Affairs of the Republic of Moldova

During the session, experts and invited guests discussed the national and regional aspects underlying Internet governance in times of crisis (being local or regional). At the same time, the elements and scenarios that may be optimal to ensure the non-affecting of human rights on the Internet and freedom of expression in a balance with the necessary decisions from state bodies or such decisions taken at regional, multilateral level, also became the subject of discussion.

The challenges of the last few years have perfectly demonstrated to us how much we depend on the Internet and ICT technologies, as well as revealed many problems that until now remained invisible or were not taken into account. As speakers at this session noted, in a crisis situation it is even more difficult to ensure a balance between the things we are used to and the decisions that may affect them, but are meant to save statehood, security, health or ensure other vital elements for a state and people. The trends being good at the same time are not appreciated by all stakeholder groups, they are difficult to control. First of all, they may lack an acceptable level of transparency for civil society.

In the sense given to the initiatives (regardless of their origin) it must be taken into account the penetration of new technologies into everyday life, in all branches of the national economy and institutional activity. Accordingly, as the participants of the discussions noted, not considering some technological elements can affect any initiative or block/stop a well-run process. An important aspect, in





their opinion, is new generation technologies such as 5G, Artificial Intelligence, Internet of Things, secure application development, secure online payment systems, electronic SIM cards and others.

At the same time, according to the experts, as digital space becomes a source of information, communication, and in the context of a number of other circumstances, it should be accessible to everyone: people with all types of disabilities, the elderly, underrepresented groups, etc. The session also discussed the problems related to barriers in access to information infrastructure for vulnerable categories of population, including people with disabilities and special needs. This category of population in Moldova often face barriers that restrict them from participating in society on an equal basis, including the access to, and use of, information and communication technologies. These barriers include none or very little attention to incorporating accessibility features for online content (including websites), limited adaptability in the functionality of products and services, and weak policy frameworks to support the provision of an accessible digital environment.

















Resilience and Security of Digital Infrastructure as a Crucial Factor in Digital Integration



<u>Moderator</u>: Mikhail Anisimov, Head of Global Stakeholder Engagement for Eastern Europe and Central Asia, Internet Corporation for Assigned Names and Numbers (ICANN)

Contributors:

- **Vitalie Boboc**, Head of Electronic and Postal Communications Policy Directorate, Ministry of Economic Development and Digitalization of the Republic of Moldova
- Vahan Hovsepyan, External Relations Officer for the RIPE NCC (Caucasus and Central Asia)
- Vladimer Svanadze, Chairman of the Board at the Internet Development Initiative (IDI), Georgia
- Alexandru Donos, Cryptography and information security expert
- Andrei Cuşcă, Head of the Directorate of Information Technology and Digitalization Policies,
 Ministry of Economic Development and Digitalization of the Republic of Moldova

The rapid development of information and electronic communications technology and digital transformation processes have brought indisputable benefits in all areas, but at the same time, they have been accompanied by a significant and permanent increase in the number of threats to cyber security. Regional and local crises have shown us how quickly cyber security threats can be assessed and how sensitive e-services and the digital economy are to these cyber challenges.

Experts refer to 2022 statistics, according to which, in the region a large number of incidents targeted public administration, government and digital service providers. In this sense, the digital resilience of public and private entities, which are part of the critical infrastructure and are vital for the functioning of the digital economy and the state as a whole, becomes an element of major importance.

One aspect is the importance of transparent communication tools with public authorities regarding the protection and assistance of the public sector in the management of incidents and the existence of real and consultative mechanisms aimed at preventing incidents or that can ensure the minimization of the risk of affecting the operation of an entity. Another point is that damage to critical infrastructure objects endangers certain categories of citizens through the potential impossibility of accessing digitized services, data loss or other damages associated with damage to the service or the entity that provides it.

Speakers note that incidents originating from outside an entity that is part of the critical infrastructure may affect some third-party digitized services on which that entity depends. Regarding digital resilience at the national level, it depends on all the actors who are a part of the critical infrastructure, regardless of their origin - public or private environment.

During the session, experts, representatives of relevant institutions and international organizations also discussed the basic principles related to the exercise of the duties regarding ensuring the cyber security of the national virtual environment. These include, among others: the principle of responsibility and awareness, the principle of proportionality and the principle of cooperation and coordination.

Representatives of the Ministry of Economic Development and Digitalization informed about the steps taken to update the current legislation and the development of a state policy in the field of cybersecurity.





Head of the Electronic and Postal Communications Department, Vitalie Boboc, said that Moldova will have a clear framework for national and international cooperation in this field, as well as rules for managing and reporting cyber risks. Vitalie Boboc spoke in detail about the legislative agenda of the ministry, aimed at updating the legal regulation.

In his presentation at the MIGF session, Dr. Robert Mugga from SecDev immersed event attendees in the fascinating world of digital transformation and the urban century. He emphasized that as cities become the epicenter of human life, cyber security is rapidly emerging as a crucial aspect of digital quality of life. Dr. Mugga emphasizes the importance of ensuring our smart cities safe as well, focusing on the critical intersection of urbanization, technology and security.

RIPE NCC representative presented <u>the latest analysis</u> of Moldova's market landscape compared to Romania and other countries in the region, as well as development opportunities and challenges, and capacity for future growth. According to him, this research is of interest for discussions on Internet development among technical communities and decision makers in Moldova. It can be used to inform discussion, provide technical insight and facilitate the exchange of information and best practices.

The presentation included a detailed analysis of Internet number resources in the country, IPv4 transfers, the relationship between networks, traffic paths available to domestic and regional traffic, international connections to the global Internet, routing security and more. According to the RIPE NCC key findings, Moldova demonstrates a healthy level of market competition and enjoy some of the lowest Internet access prices and fastest speeds in Europe. At the same time, despite holding large amounts of IPv6, Moldova shows very low IPv6 capability rates and requires further IPv6 deployment to ensure future growth. For the most part, the country benefits from a diverse array of upstream providers connecting them to the rest of the global Internet, although a few providers in Moldova and Romania are highly dependent on just one or two sources for their international transit.

















DAY 2 - Session 4

Ethical Issues in the Digital Environment: Adapting to New Challenges in the Context of National and Regional Security Risks



Moderator: Cornelia Cozonac, Director of the Center for investigative journalism of Moldova

Contributors:

- Viorica Zaharia, Journalist, President of the Press Council of the Republic of Moldova, a selfregulatory body
- **Sergiu Bozianu**, President of the Privacy Research Association, expert in the field of personal data protection
- Tatiana Puiu, Media expert, Freedom House's Local Representative
- Ion Bunduchi, Director of the Electronic Press Association (APEL)
- **Dumitru Tira**, CEO of Realitatea media group, expert in media and public communication

The second day of MIGF 2023 opened with a panel discussion on ethical issues in the digital environment, new challenges for the media and ways to adapt to modern realities in the context of national and regional security risks. The event was attended by leading experts in the field of media, freedom of expression, personal data protection, and digital rights.

According to Cornelia Cozonac, Director of the Center for Investigative Journalism of Moldova, the age of technology and online offers many advantages, especially for the press and for journalists. "Today we can inform the public very quickly, we can get information from different databases, in different parts of the world, we get the ability to verify information, photo and video sources. Media are increasingly going online and occupying more and more space on the Internet, from where the sources of funding (advertising, donations) oriented to the online environment are coming," says Cornelia Cozonac.

The expert also spoke about the multitude of risks in media activities, which, unfortunately, are increasing from year to year. According to her, journalists can follow false information paths and fall into various traps, and disinformation and propaganda are taking up more and more space in the online environment, especially in the context of hybrid warfare, which is connected with military actions in Ukraine.





The Director of the Center for Investigative Journalism drew attention to the increasing number of violations in the field of ethics and deontology in Moldova, as well as in other countries, including cases of content theft, failure to indicate sources, unfair competition between media outlets and other aspects. According to her, there are practically no provisions on this issue at the level of legislation and practically no precedents for bringing violators to justice.

The President of the Press Council of the Republic of Moldova, Viorica Zaharia, said that since 2016, when she has been working in the Press Council, there has been talk about the lack of regulation in the Code of Ethics when considering certain complaints, because the old Code of Ethics was more focused on the traditional press and did not take into account the distribution of online resources. According to her, for this reason, in 2019, it was concluded that it was urgent to introduce new provisions into the Code of Ethics, and a new version of the Code appeared, which tries to resolve the problems faced by the media environment. In particular, provisions were added to the Code regarding the indication of the main contact details of portals, the indication of a source with an active link when publishing news, etc.

"There are also problems regarding the regulation of content that is not journalistic, that does not come from journalists, it can be bloggers or any other users of social networks, and, of course, this applies not only to the Republic of Moldova, it is everywhere. We sometimes have complaints from of media consumers that they are being targeted in messages or products offered by bloggers, in which case the Press Council is really powerless, since we assume that the Code of Ethics works for journalists, while bloggers and other content producers are not members of the profession, they do not have a Code, a value system recognized by a certain guild of bloggers or anyone else, so we cannot draw conclusions about them based on our Code of Ethics, and this is still an open challenge," emphasizes Viorica Zaharia.

The expert drew attention to another problem that is relevant in the context of information security issues, which concerns the closure of certain media outlets that carried risks to national security against the backdrop of the war in Ukraine. According to her, some of these media are constantly migrating, transforming, changing their address on the Internet and continue to work despite the blocking. In particular, they show quite high activity on various information platforms, for example, in Telegram.

"Here again, the moment has come to discuss what measures should be taken, deontology alone cannot completely solve the problems or challenges that arise. In addition, in the Republic of Moldova there are other points that should be paid attention to. For example, if in some countries there is an association of journalists that recognizes professionals in this field and issues cards to them, there is no such thing here, so any organization or even any portal issues press cards. But this does not mean that you can call yourself a journalist, respect the values of the press and respect ethics," says Viorica Zaharia.

The head of the Electronic Press Association (APEL), Ion Bunduchi, dwelled in more detail on the problem of the spread of fakes, and also called for the most cautious approach in regulating the online environment. According to him, there have always been fakes, and today the problem has become especially relevant, since their number is growing rapidly. The expert draws attention to the inability to completely avoid them, since this is a human product, and if some try to verify the information, then others blindly believe it. The biggest problem in this area, he calls the rapid spread of products based on artificial intelligence.

"For many centuries, the state has been a monopoly. Today, private entities can also be monopolists, and it turns out to be a rather bizarre situation when structures such as the European Union, for example, somehow try to talk to a private entity, the owner of an influential social network, in order to reaching some agreements," notes Ion Bunduchi. According to him, in this context, the issues of regulation and self-regulation become relevant. He points out that if the state could have a monopoly on online





regulation, then its approaches would be very tough. "I would be very wary of starting with regulation in this area, because it can be a costly and inefficient effort, because we cannot stop the development of technologies and we cannot localize them," says expert.

Dumitru Țîra, CEO of Realitatea media group, noted the problems with regulation in the field of TV channels, which also broadcast online. He points out that the recent decision to suspend six licenses has not been an effective measure, as TV channels continue to operate in a different format, and one of them has transferred its content to a completely anonymous channel. According to the expert, some actors and some anonymous and non-anonymous organizations have become widespread in the media space of Moldova, the purpose of which is not to work as a media outlet, but to engage in propaganda or promotion of certain political interests.

Dumitru Țîra also touched upon the problem of the protracted recovery of the commercial market in the media sector, which still cannot recover compared to previous years. "Until we end the war, nothing will move. In the field of regulation, where the state really should return, nothing happens and because of this the market does not develop. That is why we have the media, organizations or individuals from whom you can buy a place for 100 euros and publish anything. And we have yet to talk about it, because this is a direction that also affects the market. And much more efforts are needed to combat propaganda, disinformation, to educate society and citizens. It depends on the environment in which they are located, in what language they are addressed, and many other aspects," said CEO of Realitatea media group.

Sergiu Bozianu, President of the Privacy Research Association, agrees with colleagues that today we are in a rather difficult period of uncertainty and regional instability. "The state, which has a positive obligation to regulate and enforce human rights, is taking action as it sees fit. There has been a lot of talk about AI and whether journalists will be needed in the future if AI can replace them. I can tell you that there are already attempts use a robot that will present the news and generate media content. Whether this is good or bad, we must decide together with the state. But one thing is for sure, there is a risk to our basic rights, how to react and act when technology decides for us, "- expert notes.

According to him, another important aspect that we must recognize is access to the Internet. This has a social significance and in many countries the right to access the Internet has been included in the constitution since the covid pandemic. "So perhaps you and our country should ask yourself that question, because in terms of Internet access we are in a good position, but there is probably room for improvement in this aspect," he said.

Another aspect, according to the speaker, is the literacy of the population. "We see governments choosing to automate public and private services. We have already stepped into this digital world with which we must assimilate as quickly as possible. It is true that personal data is black gold because it is worth more than the same oil, precious metals, because you can generate very large revenues based on this information without much investment. It is a definite requirement that there is always a law behind technology. But no matter how much we want to, we will never be able to regulate everything because a new method, a new technology, a new phenomenon will emerge".

Regarding fake news, Sergiu Bozianu said that, unfortunately, Moldova is one of the few countries in the world where there is no criminal regulation of identity theft. Accordingly, there is currently no criminal liability for identity theft in Moldova. "These requirements have been introduced in the new draft law, so it is likely that we will soon have new levers of intervention, because in many cases, including the creation of fake profiles on Facebook or other social networks, at the moment we do not have an adequate response to bring these people to justice. For this reason, numerous appeals go unchecked by law enforcement agencies. Soon we will witness the creation of a new body that will filter online content,





especially content related to fake news, which undermines the fundamental values of the Republic of Moldova, but also here we must be careful not to slip, not to fall into the other extreme, so that we do not have censorship, limitation of the freedoms that exist online," the expert concluded.

Freedom House country representative Tatiana Puiu touched upon the topic of restrictive measures taken against the online space. She says that recently there are more and more arguments for and against the right to access the Internet and information on the Internet as a universal human right, there are jurisdictions where this right is even included in the Constitution. In some jurisdictions, this right is recognized as a right arising, for example, from the right to freedom of expression or the right to information. But the decision to include this right in the Constitution remains at the discretion of each state.

"There is no doubt that restricting Internet access should be seen as a violation of human rights, especially when some authorities and governments use Internet censorship to keep their citizens under control, or even completely block Internet access to cover up other human rights violations," - said the expert.

Tatiana Puiu spoke about the findings that Freedom House draws in its annual <u>Freedom on the Net</u> report, which covers 70 countries, accounting for about 89% of the world's Internet users. More and more national governments are blocking websites with non-violent political, social or religious content, undermining the rights to freedom of expression and access to information, she said. Most of them block targeted sources outside the country, namely sites that do not fall under national jurisdiction.

"The Republic of Moldova follows this trend, this practice. In addition, some national laws, including new initiatives, have jeopardized the free flow of information by centralizing the technical infrastructure and applying imperfect rules," the expert noted. In a number of countries, the solutions that were proposed to regulate disinformation were wrong, she said.

"Moldova is not included in this Freedom House ranking, but we, as an organization, have big plans to prepare a special report in 2023, taking into account the latest trends in interference in the online space by the authorities," said Tatiana Puiu. She referred to a number of recommendations made by Freedom House experts, such as protecting privacy and security, strengthening data privacy protections through stricter rules and broader legislation, limiting the export of censorship and surveillance technologies, protecting freedom of expression, improving access to information and a diverse online environment, and for companies, for example, the recommendations aim to ensure correct and transparent content moderation. "And one more recommendation that we all must adhere to here in the Republic of Moldova is that any step taken to the detriment of Internet regulation must necessarily comply with international standards, primarily regarding the protection of freedom of speech," Tatiana Puiu concluded.























DAY 2 - Session 5

Strengthening Digital Safety Capacity of Civil Society as a Strategic Priority of Digital Moldova







<u>Moderator:</u> Asomudin Atoev, Regional project coordinator at The SecDev Foundation's CyberSTAR program online

Contributors:

- Anastasia Vladimirova, Digital security consultant at The SecDev Foundation
- Artem Goryainov, Technical expert at The SecDev Foundation's CyberSTAR program
- Nino Gamisonia, Digital safety and remediation expert at The SecDev Foundation's CyberSTAR program
- Alexei Marciuc, National coordinator for the Moldova IGF

Digital security is a very broad concept, and an effective strategy to achieve it requires a coordinated approach that involves organizations' personnel, processes and technology. In this session, digital safety experts from the Eurasian region presented the CyberSTAR (six-pointed "cyber star") model, which concretizes the concept by breaking it down into six thematic headings to help users and small organizations understand and learn how to take control of their digital safety: digital risks, passwords, devices, data, conversations and digital identity.

Experts shared their experience in helping civil society organizations and their employees in the Eurasian region protect their daily activities, information, correspondence and beneficiaries from cyberattacks, data loss and other digital threats. The session was attended by representatives of public associations, investigative journalists and users, who spoke about incidents they had encountered and their experiences in building digital security capacity at the personal and organizational levels. The session participants were provided with educational and methodological materials to inform and train them on the basics of digital safety.











Conclusions and Final Remarks



Representatives of government agencies, business, the scientific and technical community, civil society organizations, as well as international and national partners of MIGF expressed their views on the results of the last event, and also spoke in favour of capacity building and the development of an Internet governance initiative at the national level. Speakers at the final session noted that a fruitful and effective dialogue between different stakeholder groups took place at the MIGF platform, contributing to the discussion of public policy issues regarding the Internet. At the same time, according to them, the MIGF platform has a positive potential for the development of discussions and the exchange of views on the most pressing topics of Internet issues.

As noted by representatives of the Organizing Committee, among the key speakers of the forum were both contributors from previous years and many new faces. During two days, April 27 and 28, MIGF brought together online and offline on the FinTech Hub platform about 40 authoritative experts from Moldova, Canada, the United States, Austria, Ukraine, Georgia, Central Asian countries, and others. Among them were representatives of key government agencies, technical and expert community, business, international and regional organizations.

MIGF 2023 participants discussed global and national approaches to the use of the Internet, including in crisis situations, and what role the government should play in Internet governance processes. The latest experience of various countries in regulating the digital space and the possibility of the Internet for the development of the national economy is also considered. The current topics of the Forum were the problems of the negative impact of the Internet, the use of artificial intelligence and other advanced digital technologies and the risks associated with this, the participation of different groups of the population in the processes of Internet governance.

The second day of MIGF 2023 was opened by a panel discussion on ethical issues in the digital space, new challenges for the media and ways to adapt to modern realities in the context of national and regional security risks. The main topics were also the development of comprehensive protection to prevent cybersecurity breaches and strengthening the digital security of civil society as one of the strategic priorities of digital Moldova.

According to Asomudin Atoev, regional director of the SecDev Foundation, over the past few years MIGF has become a model for some other national Internet governance initiatives in the region, such as in Central Asian countries, including Tajikistan, and has also established itself as an effective multistakeholder discussion forum. As he noted, within the framework of the Internet Governance Forum, the most pressing issues of the national and international Internet agenda, including legal, political, social and technical ones, were touched upon.

As Alex Semenyaka, representative of RIPE NCC, noted at the final session, during two days on the MIGF platform a huge number of topics were discussed. "I have participated in similar events in different countries and I must say that IGF in Moldova is moving very successfully and is at an absolutely mature level. The event turned out to be intense, interesting, informationally rich, with a large number of participants from different stakeholder groups. I am sure that the MIGF community will not be confined to its own country, and we will also meet at other events to discuss common approaches and solutions at the regional and global level," said Alex Semenyaka.





The Organizing Committee thanked all international and national partners, the team of organizers and volunteers, as well as the speakers, moderators, contributors, and participants who joined the national initiative for contributing to a productive and successful event.



















DAY 2 - RIPE NCC Special Networking Event

RIPE NCC Special Networking Event



The RIPE NCC networking event was specifically organised to get input from the Moldovan members and IG community on how the RIPE NCC could better work to serve their interests. The event was also a great opportunity for participants to meet with representatives of the Moldovan Internet industry to discuss issues that concern the entire community.

All registered attendees were emailed further details. The event, hosted by RIPE NCC representatives Alex Semenyaka and Vahan Hovsepyan, was an informal meeting to discuss topics such as the situation with the Internet in Moldova and across the region; how RIPE NCC tools and measurements could help the community; improvements that the RIPE NCC could make in Moldova; challenges with IPv6 deployment, etc.

RIPE Network Coordination Centre (RIPE NCC) is one of the key international partners of the Internet Governance Forum in Moldova. It is an independent, not-for-profit membership organisation that supports the infrastructure of the Internet through technical coordination in the service region. RIPE NCC membership consists mainly of Internet service providers (ISPs), telecommunication organisations and large corporations located in Europe, the Middle East and parts of Central Asia. RIPE NCC also provides services for the benefit of the Internet community at large.









SPEAKERS





Paul Mitchell
Chair, United Nations
Internet Governance
Forum, Multistakeholder
Advisory Group (MAG)



Rafal Rohozinski

Principal and CEO of SecDev Group, Cofounder of SecDev Foundation



Director of the Electronic Government Agency

Olga Tumuruc



Vahan Hovsepyan

External Relations Officer
for the RIPE NCC
(Caucasus and Central
Asia)



Tattu Mambetalieva
Chair at Central Asian
Internet Governance
Forum, Director of Civil
Initiative on Internet
Policy, leading partner of
the international
consortium for the
development of digital
legislation



Mikhail Anisimov

Head of Global
Stakeholder Engagement
for Eastern Europe and
Central Asia, Internet
Corporation for Assigned
Names and Numbers



Co-founder of the
Innovating Governance
Association in Vienna,
Austria, Member of
Committee on Artificial
Intelligence and Access
Info Group at the Council
of Europe

Veronica Creţu



Ion Coşuleanu
Information Society
Development Institute



Deputy Director and member of the Administrative Board at the National Regulatory Agency for Electronic Communications and Information Technology (ANRCETI)

Silvia Bojoga



Robert Muggah

Co-founder & Research

Director, Igarapé Institute

Research Director, SecDev

Foundation



Chairman of the board of the Moldovan Association of Information and Communications Technology Companies

Veaceslav Cunev



Asomudin Atoev

Regional director at the SecDev Foundation,

Canada



External Relations Officer for the RIPE NCC (Eastern Europe and Central Asia)

Alex Semenyaka



Andrei Cușcă

Head of the Directorate
of Information
Technology and
Digitalization Policies,
Ministry of Economic
Development and
Digitalization of the
Republic of Moldova



President and one of the founders of the Center for Investigative Journalism of Moldova

Cornelia Cozonac





Vladimer Svanadze

Chairman of the Board at the Internet Development Initiative (IDI), Georgia



Victor Spînu

Member of Parliament of the Republic of Moldova



Gulmira Birzhanova

Head of Media Qoldau Legal Service, co-founder of Legal Media Centre, member of the Expert Group on Digital Rights, Kazakhstan



Alexei Marciuc

Chairman of the Association "Comunitatea Internet", National coordinator for the Moldova Internet Governance Forum



Tatiana Puiu

Media expert, Freedom House's Local Representative



Sergei Slesarev

Deputy Minister for Digital Development, the Kyrgyz Republic



Massimiliano Stucchi

Regional Technical Advisor for the European Bureau at Internet Society



Viorica Zaharia

Journalist, President of the Press Council of the Republic of Moldova, a self-regulatory body



Alexandru Donos

Cryptography and information security expert



Anastasia Vladimirova

Digital security consultant at The SecDev Foundation



Sarkis Darbinyan

cyberlawyer, digital rights expert, managing partner of DRC Group



Nino Gamisonia

Digital safety and remediation expert at The SecDev Foundation's CyberSTAR program



Sergiu Bozianu

President of the Privacy Research Association, expert in the field of personal data protection



Oxana Rusanovschi

Deputy Head of the Directorate of IT and Digitalization Policies, Ministry of Economic Development and Digitalization



Galina Climov

Executive Director of the Alliance of Organizations for Persons with Disabilities from the Republic of Moldova



Sergiu Tutunaru

Director of the Innovative IT Incubator IT4BA, Academy of Economic Studies of Moldova



Vitalie Boboc

Head of Electronic and Postal Communications Policy Directorate, Ministry of Economic Development and Digitalization



Ion Bunduchi

Director of the Electronic Press Association (APEL)



Dumitru Tira

CEO of Realitatea Media





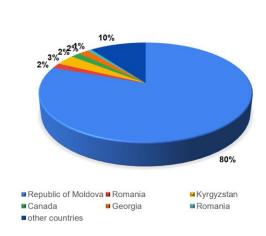
Analysis of participants, engagement of stakeholder groups, attendance statistics of the meeting

BREAKDOWN BY COUNTRY

The Moldova Internet Governance Forum had a registration form, which had to be filled in and submitted before or during the event.

MIGF 2023 was attended by 218 registered participants and contributors, most of them from the Republic of Moldova (80%). The geography of foreign participants covered the following countries in alphabetical order:

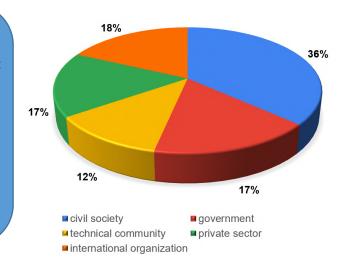
Armenia, Austria, Canada, Georgia, Germany, Italy, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Lithuania, Nepal, Nigeria, Romania, Russia, Tajikistan, Ukraine and USA.



PARTICIPANTS OF THE FORUM ACCORDING TO THEIR AFFILIATION

All stakeholder groups were represented at the meeting:

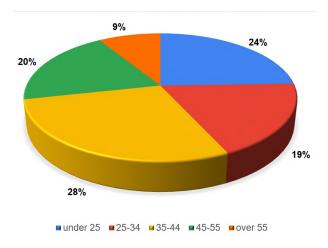
- Government institutions
- International organizations
- Private Sector
- Civil Society
- Technical community





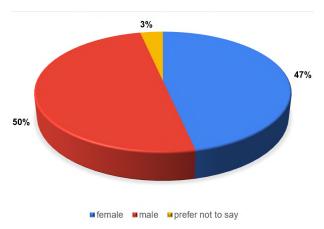
BREAKDOWN BY AGE

It should be noted that there is a difference between the groups of 25-34 years old (19%) and 45-55 years old (20%) in relation to the group of 34-44 years old (28%). At the same time, we state people 55 and older (9%) were still not actively involved enough. At the same time, young people under 25 (24%) were more actively involved in the IG process this year.

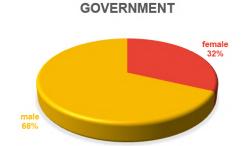


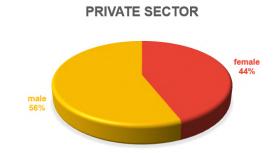
BREAKDOWN BY GENDER REPRESENTATION

In regards to gender representation, with 50% of all attendees, men were prevalent at the Forum. The biggest disproportion was recorded among government and technical community, where women constituted only 32-33% of the group and among civil society where men constituted only 34% of the group.



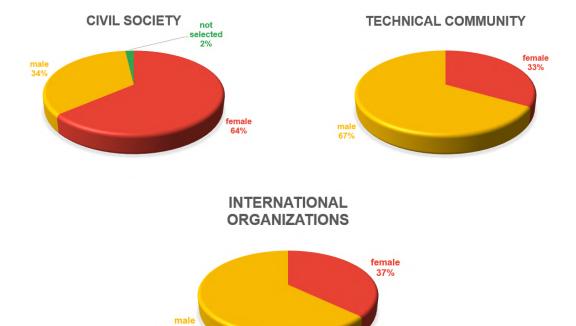
GENDER REPRESENTATION BY STAKEHOLDER GROUPS





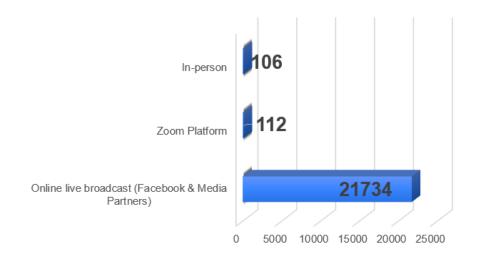






ATTENDANCE STATISTICS OF THE MEETING

During April 27-28 most of the Forum audience joined the event in the live format on social media and through online television. In total, according to the statistics of the Facebook platform and media partners broadcasting the event, 21734 participants joined the live online broadcast (unique connections). By connecting to the online platform Zoom, which provided simultaneous interpretation in Romanian, Russian and English, the Forum was attended by 112 people. In-person, 106 registered participants took part in the sessions of the event over two days.







The necessary resources in the preparation and holding of the Forum were provided by the Organizers, Partners and Sponsors of Moldova Internet Governance Forum. The meeting took place in a low-cost manner, having received in-kind and/or financial support from the public institutions, international organizations, national partners of the event, as well as the Organizing team and the wider community. No payment has been provided for any speakers.

Organizational activities may be divided into the following groups:

- The preparatory works (meetings of Organizing team and members of the Organizing Committee and Program Committee, arrangement of meeting spaces, preparation and sending of invitations, printing of the program, consultations with other supporters, etc.);
- Website development and maintenance, hosting, launching of social media channels, and other related activities (searching for and purchase of a domain, creation and administration of website and social networks pages);
- Designing conception of the event and branding related activities (creation and integration of Forum and other printing materials, conducting surveys among the members of the community, roll-up 80x200, banner 4000x2500, logo, badge, program markup, etc.);
- Online promotion (web banners, news and social media), the development of informational materials,
 as well as outreach activities toward the broader community of the country;
- Organizational space preparatory works (searching for and selection of space, conference hall, technical equipment, etc.);
- Rent of the technical equipment for Zoom sessions support and moderation, online platform settings, testing and event online platform technical support;
- Conference simultaneous interpreting and Interpretation facilities (2 days, 3 languages Romanian, Russian, English);
- Catering and coffee breaks;
- Printing activities (searching and selection of printing company, invitations, badges, event agenda, press banners and roll-ups);
- Media support (video and photo shooting 2 days, all sessions, online broadcasting, live streaming, TV video preparations, preparation of announcements, media coverage of the event);
- Forum online and technical support (web-page administration, social media support live stream, website hosting, interaction, online engagement support);
- Accountant and logistics management, report layout and editing and other organizational expenses.







The third Moldova Internet Governance Forum, MIGF 2023, was made possible by the enthusiasm and hard work and commitment of the MIGF Team, Organizing Committee and Program Committee. The national IGF was successful thanks to the broad and active participation and support of the Internet community, as well as institutional, international and national partners in the preliminary process and at the Forum.

MIGF 2023 Team acknowledges all sponsoring programs, international and local organizations and partners for funding/supporting the third Moldova Internet Governance Forum enabling all stakeholder groups to come together and providing open and transparent platform for discussions on Internet related issues within the country and beyond, as well as national and regional media agencies for reporting and spreading the word on MIGF 2023.

We would like to thank all those who participated and made the event possible. The MIGF 2023 is supported by institutional and international partners including United Nations IGF Secretariat, Internet Corporation for Assigned Names and Numbers (ICANN), Internet Society, Internet Society Foundation, IGF Support Association (IGFSA), SecDev Foundation and RIPE Network Coordination Centre (RIPE NCC). Among the national partners of the MIGF 2023 are the Academy of Economic Studies of Moldova and private companies in the field of IT technologies and electronic communications. Substantial support was also provided by government institutions related to Internet governance, electronic communications and information technology.

We would like to thank all of our experts, speakers and moderators who contributed to this year's MIGF, as well as to all of our guests, including those online, who have participated in the creation of the Internet governance dialogue with their presence, knowledge and experience.







FORUM WAS HELD WITH THE SUPPORT OF

















































MEDIA COVERAGE



The third Moldova IGF was widely covered by the media and social media channels, which also indicates that there is considerable interest in this topic. Most of the coverage materials were presented in Romanian and Russian but some sources provided the information in English as well. At the same time, information about the event was presented in newsletters and on the UN IGF website.

MIGF 2023 had an outreach with live video streaming. It was widely watched via online TV and live streaming on social media and all sessions have been available in the online archive. According to statistics from media partners and social media platforms, more than 10000 people joined the online broadcast of the event every day (see the section about attendance statistics of the meeting).

The recordings of the sessions can be found in the archive of <u>RLIVE.md</u> for the dates of 27-28 April, as well as on <u>Facebook</u>.

Below is the list of some of the media coverage of MIGF 2023:

https://www.intgovforum.org/en/content/moldova-igf-april-27-28-register

https://ycigweb.wordpress.com/2023/04/26/by-weekly-update-april-2nd-2023/

https://moldovalive.md/internet-governance-forum-in-moldova-to-focus-on-digital-resilience/

https://www.moldova.org/rezilienta-digitala-tema-principala-la-moldova-igf-2023/

https://www.mold-street.com/?go=news&n=15969

https://point.md/ru/novosti/obschestvo/forum-po-upravleniiu-internetom-moldova-igf-2023-proidet-v-kishineve/

http://logos.press.md/1469 02 2/

https://realitatea.md/rezilienta-digitala-tema-principala-la-moldova-igf-2023-grabeste-te-sa-te-inscrii/

https://bani.md/rezilienta-digitala-tema-principala-la-moldova-igf-2023-grabeste-te-sa-te-inscrii/

https://rupor.md/pospeshite-zapisatsya-czifrovaya-ustojchivost-glavnaya-tema-moldova-igf-2023/

https://anticoruptie.md/ro/stiri/rezilienta-digitala-tema-principala-la-moldova-igf-2023-grabeste-te-sa-te-inscrii

https://laf.md/2023/04/21/cifrovaja-ustojchivost-glavnaja-tema-moldovaigf-2023/

https://mybusiness.md/ru/press-relizy/item/27068-tsifrovaya-ustojchivost-glavnaya-tema-moldova-igf-2023

https://mybusiness.md/ro/comunicate-de-pres/item/27069-rezilienta-digitala-tema-principala-la-moldova-igf-2023

https://noi.md/ru/biznes/cifrovaya-ustojchivosti-glavnaya-tema-moldova-igf-2023

https://noi.md/md/business/rezilienta-digitala-tema-principala-la-moldova-igf-2023

https://nokta.md/v-moldove-projdjot-forum-po-upravleniju-internetom-zhelajushhih-priglashajut-zaregistrirovatsya/

https://esp.md/ru/kaleydoskop/2023/04/21/cifrovaya-ustoychivost-glavnaya-tema-moldova-igf-2023

https://esp.md/ro/kaleydoskop/2023/04/21/rezilienta-digitala-tema-principala-la-moldova-igf-2023

https://tvn.md/ru/cifrovaya-ustojchivost-glavnaya-tema-moldova-igf-2023/

https://tvn.md/rezilienta-digitala-tema-principala-la-moldova-igf-2023/

https://anticoruptie.md/ro/stiri/provocari-si-beneficii-ale-guvernarii-electronice-sub-presiunea-crizelor-

in-era-digitala-discutii-la-chisinau-in-cadrul-forumului-de-guvernare-electronica

https://anticoruptie.md/ro/video





https://point.md/ru/novosti/obschestvo/forum-elektronnogo-pravitel-stva-nuzhen-balans-dostupa-v-internet-i-bezopasnosti/

https://mybusiness.md/ru/press-relizy/item/27191-iz-kishineva-v-kioto-migf-obsudil-tsifrovuyu-povestku-v-usloviyakh-krizisa

https://mybusiness.md/ro/comunicate-de-pres/item/27192-de-la-chisinau-la-kyoto-migf-a-evidentiat-importanta-agendei-digitale-pe-timp-de-criza

 $\frac{\text{https://noi.md/md/societate/de-la-chisinau-la-kyoto-migf-a-evidentiat-importanta-agendei-digitale-petimp-de-criza?prev=1}{\text{timp-de-criza?prev=1}}$

https://noi.md/ru/obshhestvo/iz-kishineva-v-kioto-migf-obsudil-cifrovuyu-povestku-v-usloviyah-krizisa?prev=1

https://laf.md/2023/05/02/foto-na-forume-migf-obsudili-cifrovuju-povestku-v-uslovijah-krizisa/

https://www.moldova.org/moldova-igf-2023-a-abordat-rezilienta-digitala-in-conditii-de-criza/

https://tvn.md/de-la-chisinau-la-kyoto-migf-a-evidentiat-importanta-agendei-digitale-pe-timp-de-criza/https://www.mold-street.com/?go=news&n=16032

https://esp.md/ru/sobytiya/2023/05/03/na-forume-po-upravleniyu-internetom-igf-2023-obsudili-cifrovuyu-ustoychivost-vo

https://esp.md/ro/sobytiya/2023/05/03/expertii-s-au-reunit-la-forumul-migf-2023-pentru-discuta-securitatea-cibernetica

https://nokta.md/na-forume-po-upravleniju-internetom-obsudili-uroki-krizisnyh-situatsij/

http://logos.press.md/1471 06 2/

https://rlive.md/digital-resilience-as-the-headline-theme-for-migf-2023/

https://realitatea.md/de-la-chisinau-la-kyoto-migf-a-evidentiat-importanta-agendei-digitale-pe-timp-de-criza/

https://bani.md/de-la-chisinau-la-kyoto-migf-a-evidentiat-importanta-agendei-digitale-pe-timp-decriza/

https://rupor.md/iz-kishineva-v-kioto-migf-obsudil-czifrovuyu-povestku-v-usloviyah-krizisa/

Below is the list of some of the coverage of MIGF 2023 on social media channels:

https://twitter.com/moldovaliveR/status/1649369752073117697

https://www.facebook.com/moldova.org/posts/pfbid02XovWpdXLLN5ikHv1Lk2N3p8bJf9YBVfd53fyrQ7NXW6jprs4e83prbmiWzDnnU2el

https://www.facebook.com/EchipaNOI.md/posts/pfbid0xKJ2vowNLX97s7Bguk6Svv6CED5sQoDySvVcJSwqLNrbrpX1mckfUePBr59vgvdLl

https://t.me/gazetasp/5503

https://www.facebook.com/groups/societateacivilaMD/permalink/3469952736622806

https://www.facebook.com/lafmdcomrat/posts/pfbid02iykw46FXGBGQVztJsNiudE3R4PVfo9rykNLfZG44

S5pmCWJc2BK6E8L2cMYHkZnWl

https://www.instagram.com/p/CrU9x8kNTKf/?igshid=MDJmNzVkMjY=

https://twitter.com/moldovaorg_ro/status/1649376330633588743

https://www.facebook.com/Nokta.md/posts/pfbid09ZcATLEH5V9SNKMMi12TPNBiZZuXMju9vwF7nvEu UXFsrdpVAeHfiuJpim1mYBDtl

 $\underline{\text{https://www.facebook.com/NOI.md/posts/pfbid0AQyEvB1WYLbshoMeQbACAz8KeimzhogN44ZsdnkE9z}}$

Rdn7yjPNsy6RvFYJwn4JXRI

https://ok.ru/spgazeta/topic/155912110848883

https://www.facebook.com/groups/NewsBaltiNord/posts/6084253835027638/

https://www.facebook.com/esp.md/posts/pfbid0PrBdnyQNcsJN3QQkGemUMPeDjxhnHxZCB6Jz3isNg6 W2uSKQcKifHRSydbJEysaql





https://vk.com/spgazeta?w=wall-14275692 50606%2Fall

 $\frac{https://www.facebook.com/tvnmoldova/posts/pfbid02NZA4eDvLvBgSrHzhmqQbDqofgxVyeJg8bdXQXfpo2hwgE2qVWr6tVBfQsU68B7DEI}{}$

https://www.facebook.com/moldovaigf/posts/pfbid02Xb9R2vDhiRtLCfpf5xeYkq5QTuWDncpaNTiKLWoY 4aPPMgxfcJU6Z5nBcLQ8Nk6Kl

https://www.facebook.com/EchipaNOI.md/posts/pfbid034XaoRUs7MD8Lg9Te9VWeWNSP4VyVkrfTKkrupjzc8NyTHKixwvCpy8s9UVJYYP7yl

https://www.facebook.com/tvnmoldova/posts/pfbid02MyX8joTkyca5gidgdSB7mGGDum1C7vLkPaMK8Ff1GZzqe4uV1YAiLb776Nu2AT7el

https://www.facebook.com/groups/640991637517769/posts/740255520924713/

https://www.facebook.com/lafmdcomrat/posts/pfbid037EX2WiRFR3QpTWAmdG5d6NoJm2Cge2FLU6r U6vfU1pycVyiGPhVJyoy2F6jrpTZ7l

https://www.facebook.com/tvnmoldova/posts/pfbid02MyX8joTkyca5gidgdSB7mGGDum1C7vLkPaMK8Ff1GZzqe4uV1YAiLb776Nu2AT7el

https://www.facebook.com/NOI.md/posts/pfbid0p4xeLR9uqF9RSRT4MZu9D9DAzgH21bivBTEayU3xDhX TdZVF1LVoB1FnGZXj1FLql

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https://www.facebook.com/groups/357379224727878/??multi_permalinks=3351114391796423&hoist ed section header type=recently seen

https://twitter.com/moldovaorg ro/status/1653409022568173569

https://www.facebook.com/banimdl/posts/pfbid02o5QU8PWX9bznKE7JsQPj8M2xFc6AKb7cHRuHkQhK7THvB9uNTYKNmFrGa86Cb75Fl

 $\underline{https://www.facebook.com/moldova.org/posts/pfbid0LjZGAHfegxt3kb4kc3xctvNiTj1C7K9ZBEYZ9ayRxSZ} \underline{tSdF679PXSjgDNBnK7NQal}$

 $\frac{https://www.facebook.com/tvnmoldova/posts/pfbid0CwKRQGx29bF3BbUbffYa8xVKTRoD5kV58Fc1o7donPJuCfXADmk2knfvoi7p87hKl}{}$

https://www.facebook.com/mold.street/posts/pfbid02u9Vuj2R23rVa1rgksUYCdn5FbAQ6GACMSjkJC3o6f3z7y8NDPdkNtehK1w9tRQ8fl

 $\frac{https://www.facebook.com/esp.md/posts/pfbid02dKhUwWYMYs9yLKnE941nHpJbYycQt98LPBLK7qTbG}{b3VZ7PgppauenriX3ncf8pol}$

https://www.facebook.com/ruporMD/posts/pfbid02833T4GqQLEtxTiXUXuXxWywyjugLUPdXNf9WgBY6 K3PGe78pSEb53pY6DQAmG9Sil

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https://www.facebook.com/realitatea.md/posts/pfbid03tzzZGU33iJFD2tuwh8BoMgHsBXDKe9zTZtd2m6t2SwM8YETWDx3URsSJbNQQRXKI





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INTERNET GOVERNANCE FORUM IN MOLDOVA TO FOCUS ON DIGITAL RESILIENCE

This year, the Internet Governance Forum will host renowned spe-other countries, including representatives of key state institutions technicians and experts, international and regional organizations.

PROOF participants will address global and national practices in internet use, including in cri situations, issues related to resilience and security of digital infrastructure, ophersecurity or properties, shifting quantities, and new challenges reparing human rights in the digital environment, the potential of the internet for national exonomic development, expanding neternet access, opicial immovations, and noticed strategies.

Anyone interested in discussing current internet governance issues through multilateral, transparent, and inclusive dislogue is invited to participate in the national initiative. MIGF supports open discussions to define a common approach to permoting the internet and managing the risks and challenges generated by its use and development.

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The coordinator of MJGF, Alexei Marciuc, highlighted that, given the volatility and uncertainty in the region, digital preparedness and resillence are essential themes. According to him, Moldova today faces a series of unprecedented challenges in cyberspace.

The main goal of MIGF 2023 is to strengthen open discussion with multiple stalesholders regarding digital resilence, continuity, and preparedness in times of crisis and the implications or major disruptions for the entire digital ecosystem in Middows. The successful cultivation of digital resilence depend on executing surficipative discussions with multiple stateholders, replantation against strategic partnerships and coordinated policy, industry, and user responses," emphasized

Over 200 participants, experts, and speakers from Moldova, Canada, the US, Beiglum, the Netherlands, Romanis, Ultraine, Georgia, Estonis, and other countries took part in the previous edition of MIGR. Valuable speafail

BY-WEEKLY UPDATE! APRIL (2ND) 2023

MOLDOVA IGF 2023 (27-28TH



SĂPTĂMÂNAL PANORAMIC

Experții s-au reunit la forumul MIGF 2023 pentru a discuta securitatea cibernetică și etica digitală



of de-al treliae Forum de gueremarja i nitemetui (Molocu) i injecti region el interiedu).

Id de-al treliae Forum de gueremarja i nitemetuiti (Molocu) interiese Gueremario interiese Gueremario interiese Gueremario interiese de la Chipida, subiectu principal find problematica expecutarió gipliae devoluble. În cadriu evenimentului, expertir la ciprola (si interiese) interiese de considerario interiese del considerario interiese de considerario interiese del conside



derea evenimentului au vorbit reprezentanți al partenerilor instituționali și nail a Forumului de Guvernanță a înterneabul în Modova – UN IGE, ICANN, odocky, RIPE NCS Escher Foundation Uni dintree i ava alistuta ofinile, alți au pisținău pentru a lua parte la dezbaterile incluse în agenda digitală actuală didova. Printre parteneri naționali al Forumului se numără Academia de Studi c. companiil din domeniul teinologii pri informaționale și de astemenea un pri c. companiil din domeniul teinologii pri informaționale și de astemenea un pri



illor online și de asemenea asigură transparența și eficiența instituțiilor pub ată, ea a evidențiat unele dintre problemele care apar în acest sens, în spec de asigurarea securității informationale și protectia datelor cu caracter per







angli la Micio 2023 au discutat despre abordàrie globale și i juliul, inclusivi in Situații de crisă, și ce nă refubi să joace și anță a internetului. De asemenea, a fost luată în condideran riță a diferitelor țări în reglementarea papălului digital și pos dezvoltarea economiei nașionale. Subiectele actuale ale Pro-nele impactului negativi al internetului, utilizarea inteligențe și gii digitale avanatea și riscurile acostace u acestea, particip dație la processele de guvernanță a internetului.





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Moldova IGF April 27-28: Register













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Rezilienta digitală - tema principală la Moldova IGF 2023



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Oricine este interesat să discute problemele actuale de guvernanță a inter multilteral, transparent și incluziv este invitat să participe la inițiativa națior

ndonatorul MIGF, Alexei Marciuc, a evidențiat că, având în vedere volatilitatea și incertitudinea din rune, pregătirea digitată și rezilienta sunt teme esentiale. Din spusele sale, astăzi Moldova se fruntă cu o serie de provocări fără precedent în spațiul cibemetic.

Scopul principal ad MIGF 2022 selso de a compolida disoulça descrisia cu mai multe pârți interesate princir carlierina diplată, continuitatea și pregătirea în veremu de cruză și implicaților portubilitici preçe peritui Traigle consistem dipul di Moriano. Lullivarea cu succe a rezilierine dipula depire de saigunera sunor decuții participative, cu mâ multe pârți înferesate, core au ca rezultar primeriulei testațiora supor decupil participative, cu mâ multe pârți înferesate, core au ca rezultar primeriulei testațiora supor area control combinate de partici, inciderie și ultilatori, rea adeliziră Adema Mirciano.

La ediția anterioară a MIGF au luat parte peste 200 de persoane – participanții, experti și a Middova, Canada, SUA, Belgia, Olanda, România, Ucraîna, Georgia, Estonia și din alte fa de spasker la useuloust specialişti de valoare din cadrul UN IGF, ICANN, Internet Society, SecDev Group, Geogle, Microsoft și mulții alții. Toti participantii (fie care participă la conferintă personal sau virtual) trebuie să se în

intermedul formularului de inregistrare online. Umrahiji actuali zatuali zatue sa se intregistraze prin paginile de Facebook și Twitter ale Asociație "Comunifalea Internet", care este secretariatul neufru al Forumului de Guvernare a Internetului cin Moldova.



IGF Regional and National Initiatives

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IGF Moldova Internet Governance Forum 2023

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тойчивого цифрового развития

Среди ключевых стихоров форума, организованного Асхоцияцией «Comunitatea Internet»—участники прошимы лет и новее лецы. В течение дву, деяб. 7 и 28 апрем МИС собраз на пошидае EnTeC h bit комо по да атпритенных экспертия к МиС Канада, США, Австрии. Украиных Грумих, стран Центральной Азии и дв. В их чиске-представитом коминениях стоудортенных учереджены. То эконеского и экспертного сообщества, бизнеса, международных и региональных организаций.

Форум прошел в гибридном формате: онлайн и офлайн.

На оператия меропроятия высураться продставители институциональных и междунеродных партнеров берухе по управлением Интернетов и Мондуве – UN IGF, ICONN, Internet Society, IBP RCK, Schott Foundation. Немогран еги нах принстраниям о снавы, другие приеская в Кошинева, чтобы принять участие в обсуждения скупьтей изрежен пометству две у мих монером принять участие в обсуждения скупьтей изрежен пометству две у мих монером принять участие в обсуждения скупьтей изрежен пометству две у мих монером принять участие в

в областу информационных технологий, а также рид организаций и угрежуений. Директор Агенства экектронекто управлении Олька Тумурук отментиль на открытит форумы, что возможности, предоставление Илектронектор, обласкают граждени органы власти поспредтомо угогу, оказываемых в режиме онлайн, а также обеспеченамот прораченость и эффективность публенных уреждений. В то же време она выдолжа некоторые возмикающие при этом проблемы, в частности, оказываем окасентеченами профиционной болькости из защега перомальных дальных. По сповым Ольки Тумурку, чуские за ото области может быть обеспечен чустой-мешмии городиватот те же ицеи и имеют те же целит, с частным сегором, который янцит выстор и в процесс сифровами, с а смедим-мескими куруами, которые обеспеченают обучение и задвот образ мешлениям.

Начальных Управлением экспронения и поитовых комуникацый в Министерства экспеминеского равилям и цифровлации в Викалов бобом проинформуровам о разработия гоздарственной политиям в объекти инбербеолалогиясть По его сло Мождов повятся четиме рамки для национального и мождунородного сотрудичества в этой объекти, правила управления изборьгозами и неформированного и

направленном на егумскима розвижают результровнеми. Как опнетим предосратель Ассоцианами Солиппайава Interrets, координатор MIGI Ангиска Марчук, в этом году Форум, в частности, посящает развитили устойчают инсписанией оправом инфекструктири, обмену предостави оплоти и практик которыя повостут серонакровать национальную и тобольную политилу в отноши Интернета. По его словам, замерам MIGE бурут представлены на Форуме по управлению Интернетии ООН, который пробрат в остобре в Norso, Япочни.

ущивыемной отнетренетом сили, которыя продует в котебре в Киотс, Япония.
«Нессовамо лет экрая Республика Марока стала 88 ступель имура, грес тапривнешуватиля КСТ. Третий «национальный форму пропарат в период, возда странырегиппация всего доста в мароку сталиваемости с сирым радин фоторы пространетор об цафорового пространетов. Они требуют выс тибим стратегических партичусть соохранированных ответных мерта развику уровнях, так и довгогрочного адаптация». — сталетой Аписсой Кароу.

Участники MIGF 2023 обсудили глобальные и нац Учистиния МIGE 2023 обсудили глобальные и национальные подходых к использования отпервена, в том чистьем в усковиях кужистых котирыций, и какую ро-долино занимать горудирство в процесках управления Интернетом. Также рассмотр последний опыт различных стран по регулированию цифрового пространства и возможности Интернета для развития национальной экономиях.

две дня на польщире отыт у силок косудит в и денотешем колленского месь.

«В участвовая в подобем меропратения в самых дажных страмет и должен ставать

что (оГ в Мондове двигается очень устешно и находится на абсолотно эрелом.

уровень (Нергоприятие получногою интенчивенных интерессых информационно
замитересованных стором. Участников на развите групт
замитересованных стором. Учерон, что сообщегою МКСР не Одует замикаться в соо
стране и мых также бедие истреченых разритем корпотияму, чтобы общую собущейть
общую подходы и решения на региональном и глобальном уровне», — отметия Ами

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Rezilienta digitală — tema principală la #Moldova IGF 2023 moldova.org





Цифровая устойчивость – главная тема Moldova IGF 2023

















Reziliența digitală - tema principală la Moldova IGF 2023. Grăbește-te să te înscrii

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Continuă înregistalerile la Forumul de Governanții a Internatului (Moldava Internat Governance Forum), care ae va destășura în formut celline și offine po 27 și 28 aprille pe platforma FiaTeh Hab Chipindu. Reciliența digitală este identificată ce temp principale perturu MOST 2023.

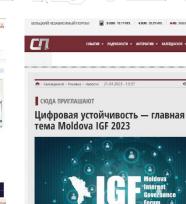


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a IGF 2023 a abordat reziliența digitală în condiții de criză



5:40 PM · May 2, 2023 · 98 Views



едьдущем выпуске MIGF приняли участие более 200 человек — участнико, ерты и силжеры из Молдовы, Канады, США, Белыгии, Нидерландов, Румыни ины, Груым, Эстонии и других стран, Спикерамы выступали ведущие ривлисты из UM IGF, ICANN, Internet Society, Ripe NCC, SecDev Group, Google,

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Reziliența digitală — tema principală la Moldova IGF 2023



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В Молдове пройдёт Форум по управлению Интернетом желающих приглашают зарегистрироваться



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Reziliența digitală – tema principală la Moldova **IGF** 2023











Provocări și beneficii ale guvernării electronice sub presiunea crizelor în era digitală // Discuții la Chișinău în cadrul Forumului de Guvernare Electronică













Поспешите записаться: Цифровая устойчивость – главная тема Moldova IGF 2023

Ø Галина Ярован ■ 21 April 2023 Ø 14:00
 ◆home-slide, ЛЕНТА, РЕ



В предъедициям выпуске MIGF приняли участие более 200 человек — участиких, эксперты и спикеры на Молдовы. Канады. США. Белитин: Нирегранцева. Румынии. Украины, Гургии, Эстон и других страм. Спикорами выступата выдраме спициалисты из UN IGF, ICANN, Internet Society. Ripe NCC, SecDev Group, Google, Microsoft, и т.д.

Все участники (как присутствующие на конференции лично, так и силайн) должны зарегистрироваться через форму онлайн-регистрации. Следите за обновлениями и объявлениями на веб-сайте www.igf.md, а также на страницах Facebook и Twitter Acc





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Форум Электронного правительства: Нужен баланс доступа в интернет и безопасности

Форум Электронного правительства начал свою работу в четверг утром в Кишиневе. Мероприятие проходит 27 и 28 апреля.



Устой-ивость цифрового управления, управлению интернетом под довлением кризисся, этичесноиз вспросы в цифровой ордув и укративние потвициалы гражданского общества в области цифровой бозопосности - вот теми, которые обсуждают на мероприятии, передает anticoruptie.md

интернета и управлению рисками и вызования, связанными с использованием и развитием цифровых технологий. В мероприятии принимают участие 33 докладчика из нескольких стран, которые рассмотрят множество вопросов, связанных с электронным правительством.

Возможности, предоставляемые интернетом, заключаются в оближении грожден и пластай посредством оналён-услуг и обветичения большей прозрачности и фефективности в работо госураютсянению коргонов, и оста и вызоды, которые иду комплекте¹. Об этом заявиля Ольга Тумурук, директор Агентства Электронного и



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Specificate visitate processors and formatival, organizate de Asociada "Comunitates Internet", ve numitat de pratricipata" printe sposalemi-circi a formativa, organizat de Asociada "Comunitates Internet", ve numitat a pratricipata" printe printe pratrici a de printe printe





Moldova IGF 2023 a abordat reziliența digitală în condiții de criză



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Cel de-al treilea Forum de guvernanță a Internetului (Moldova Internet Governance Forum) și-a încheiat activitatea la Chișinău, subiectul principal fiind problematica dezvoltării digitale durabile



În cadrul evenimentului, experții naționali și internaționali au făcut un schimb de opinii cu privire la dezvoltarea Internetului, contribuind la o înțelegere comună despre utilizarea la maxim a posibilităților a spațiului virtual și rezolvarea riscurilor și problemelor emergente.

problemelor emergente.
Printre speakerii-cheie ai forumului, organizat de Asociația
"Comunitatea Internet", se numără atât participanți din anii
precedenți, cât fețe noi. Pe parcursul a două zile, 27 și 28 aprilie,
MIGF a adunat pe platforma firihe Hub în jir de 40 de experți cu
autoritate din Moldova, Canada, SUA, Austria, Ucraina, Georgia,
târile Asiel Centrale etc. Printre ei — reprezentanți ai instituțiior
guvernamentale-cheie, mediului academic și de experți, ai
businessului, organizațiilor regionale și internaționale. Forumul a
avut loc în format hibrid: online și offline.

avut toc in romat notice onime si orimine.

In deschiderea evenimentului au vorbit reprezentanți ai partenerilor instituționali și internationali a Forumului de Guvernanță a Internetului îm Moldova – UN IGF, ICANN, Internet Society, RIPF ROCC, SecDer Noundation. Unii dintre ei s-au alăturat online, ații au venit la Chișinău pentru a lua parte la dezbaterile incluse în agenda digitalia actuala pentru Moldova. Printre parteneri naționali ai Forumului se numără Academia de Studii Economice, companiile din domeniul tehnologiilor informaționale și de asemenea un şir de organizații și instituții.

si de ascrierea di si de Organizari si misutuji.

Directorul Agenției de Guvernare Electronică, Olga Tumuruc, a remarcat la deschiderea Forumului, că posibilitățile internetului apropie cetățenii și autoritățile prin intermediul serviciilor online de asemenea asigură transparentă și eficienția instituților publice Totodată, ea a evidențiat unele dintre problemele care apar în acest sens, în special, cele legate de asigurarea securității informaționale și protecția datelor cu caracter personal.

Potrivit Olgăi Turmuruc, succesul în acest domeniu poate fi asigurat prin "parteneriate durabile și stabile cu alte autorități care promovează aceleași idei și au aceleași obiective cu sectorul privat, care vede beneficiile în procesul de digitalizare, și cu mediul academic, care oferă studii și stabilesc modul de gândire".

academic, care oferà studii și stabilesc modul de gândire". Vitalie Boboc, șeful Direcției politici în domeniul comunicațiilor electronice și poștale a Ministerului dezvoltării economice și digitalizării a informat despre dezvoltarea politicii de stat în domeniul securității cibernetice. Din spusele sale, Moldova va avea un cadru clar pentru cooperarea națională și internațională în acest domeniu, reguli de gestionare a riscurilor cibernetice și de informare despre acestea. Vitalie Boboc a vorbit pe larg despre agenda legislativă a Ministerului care vizează actualizarea reglementării legale.

După cum a remarcat Alexei Marciuc, presedintele Asociației "Comunitatea Internet", coordonatorul MIGF, anul acesta Forumul sete dedicat în special dezvolfarii unei infrastructuri digitale durabile şi incluzive, schimbului de experiențe şi practici avansate, care vor contribui la formarea politicii nationale şi globale privad internetul, Potrivit acestuia, concluziile MIGF vor fi prezentate la Forumul ONU pentru Guvernarea Internetului, care va avea loc în octombrie la Kyoto, Japonia.

"În urmă cu câțiva ani, Republica Moldova a devenit a 88-a țară din lume în care a fost lansată inițiativa IGF. Al treilea forum național are loc într-o perioadă în care țările din regiune, inclusiv Moldova, se confruntă cu o serie de provocân fără precedent în spațiul digital. Acestea necesită atât parteneriate strategice flexibile, răspussuri coordonate la diferite niveluri, cât și adaptare pe termen lung", a menționat Alexei Marciuc.

pe termen lung", a menţionat Alexei Marciuc.

Participanţii la MiGF 2023 au discutat despre abordările globale şi naţionale in utilizarea înternetului, inclusiv în situații de criză, şi ce rol ar trebui să joace statul în procesele de guvernanțiă a internetului. De asemenea, a fost luată în considerare cea mai recente experiențiă a diferitelor tări în reglementarea spaţiului digital şi posibilitățiie înternetului pentru dezvoltarea economiei naţionale. Subiectele actuale ale Forumului au fost problemele impactului regativ al Internetului, utilizarea inteligenței artificiale şi a altor tehnologii digitale avansate şi riscurile asociate cu acestea, participarea diferitelor grupuri de populație la procesele de guvernanță a internetului.

Ge givernanția a interiecului. Cea de-a doua zi de lucru a MIGF 2023 a fost deschisă cu de o discuție panel pe tema problemelor etice în spațiul digital, a noilor provocări pentru mass-media și modalitătilor de adaptare la realitățile moderne în contextul riscurilor de securitate națională și regională. Subjectele principale au fost, de asemenea, devoturea unei protecții complexe pentru prevenirea încălcărilor securității citelere a societății civile în calitate de prioritate strategică a Moldovei digitale.

calitate de prioritate strategicà a Moldovei digitale.

După cum a remarcat în cadrul sesiunii finale reprezentantul RIPE.

NCC, Alex Semenyaka, în decurs de două zile pe platforma MIGF

au fost discurate un rumăr amer de subecte. Am participat ia evenimente similare în diverse tări și trebuie să spun, că IGF în Moldova se dezvoltă cu multi succes și este la un nivei de maturitate absolută. Evenimentul s-a dovedit a fi intens, interesant, saturat din punct de vedere informatii, cu un număr mare de participanti din diferite grupuri de părti interesate. Sunt sigur că comunitatea MIGF nu se va limita doar la tras as ji ne vom întâlni de asemenea și la alte evenimente pentru a discuta despre abordări și soluții comune la nivel regional și global", a menționat Alex Semenyaka.







De la Chișinău la Kyoto: MIGF a evidențiat importanța agendei digitale pe timp de criză



На Форуме по управлению Интернетом обсудили уроки коизисных ситиаций



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Ces de-a doua zi de lucru a MIGF 2023 a fost deschisă cu de o discuție pa



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Форум по управлению Интернетом Moldova IGF 2023 пройдет в Кишиневе

Продолжается регистрация на форуме по управлению Интернетом (Moldova Internet Governance Forum - MIGF), который пройдет онлайн и офлайн 27 и 28 апреля на платформе FinTah Hub Chishau.



ліревіденных высовою в мобертространстве.

зновная ірпл МІБР 2023 — усинить отпрытую многостороньною дислуссию о
розвой устойневости, превистав віости и готовівсти во время крамись, а такив
соспідствик сормажих сбоюв, для всей цифровой эксонствена Моцифаць
замише развитие цифровой устойневоги зависня от обеснения совмествых
сурсскіх с участими многи за замінеросованных стором котором привиден к
може стратогностими підпечаствам на соорджинуюванням реасціями со сторонь
питими, отрасови и пользователей», — отпетил Мерпук.

редидуцем форуме MISF приявли участите более 200 человек – участиния, ерпы и должадиями из Молдовы, Канары, США, Бельтик, Индерланадов, ручаны имыс Грузия, Зеточни и других с Греза, а также специальных из ОНВ (F, IZANN, net Society, RIPE NCC, SecDev Group, Google, Microsoft и мнюгих других.











MORE INFORMATION AND CONTACT



Secretariat of the National IGF in Moldova - Association "Comunitatea Internet":

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Facebook: @ComunitateaInternet

Twitter: @CAsociation

If you are interested in contributing to the Moldova IGF, please contact office@internetsociety.md.

More information on the Moldova multi-stakeholder community for Internet governance issues can also be requested from Alexei Marciuc, the National coordinator of MIGF: a.marciuc@internetsociety.md.

Download this report: https://www.igf.md/report_migf2023.pdf.

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Published by:

Moldova Internet Governance Forum 2023

